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## NOTICE OF MEETING

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# FLOOD LIAISON GROUP

will meet on

**THURSDAY, 24TH JANUARY, 2019**

**At 6.00 pm**

in the

**ASCOT AND BRAY - TOWN HALL, MAIDENHEAD**

TO: MEMBERS OF THE FLOOD LIAISON GROUP

COUNCILLORS JOHN LENTON, MALCOLM BEER, RICHARD KELLAWAY, BURFITT (HURLEY PC), CLASPER (DATCHET PC), MARTIN.COKER, JIM COOKE (BISHAM PARISH COUNCIL), MIKE WILLIAMS AND CANNON (CHAIRMAN)

Karen Shepherd – Service Lead - governance - Issued: 16 January 2019

Members of the Press and Public are welcome to attend Part I of this meeting. The agenda is available on the Council's web site at [www.rbwm.gov.uk](http://www.rbwm.gov.uk) or contact the Panel Administrator **Wendy Binmore** 01628 796251

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## AGENDA

### PART I

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>SUBJECT</u>	<u>PAGE NO</u>
1.	<u>APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE</u>  To receive any apologies for absence.	
2.	<u>MINUTES</u>  To confirm the minutes of the previous meeting.	5 - 16
3.	<u>ACTIONS ARISING FROM PREVIOUS MINUTES</u>  To confirm the actions from the previous meeting have been carried out.	Verbal Report
4.	<u>UPDATE FROM THE ENVIRONMENT AGENCY</u>  To receive the above verbal update.	Verbal Report
5.	<u>UPDATE FROM THAMES WATER</u>  To receive the above update.	Verbal Report
6.	<u>UPDATE FROM RBWM</u>  To receive the above update.	Verbal Report
7.	<u>PARISH FLOOD GROUP UPDATE</u>  To receive the above update.	Verbal Report



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# Agenda Item 2

## FLOOD LIAISON GROUP

MONDAY, 3 DECEMBER 2018

PRESENT: Councillors John Lenton, Malcolm Beer, Richard Kellaway, Burfitt, Clasper, Martin Coker, Jim Cooke and Mike Williams

Also in attendance: Brianne Vally, Tina Donaldson, Cyril Mitkov and Matthew Peapell.

Officers: Wendy Binmore and Simon Lavin

### APPOINTMENT OF CHAIRMAN

**Resolved unanimously: That Councillor Kellaway be appointment Chairman for this meeting.**

A minutes silence was held in memory of Councillor Jesse Grey.

### APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies were received from Councillor David Cannon and Parish Councillor Fiona Hewer.

### MINUTES

**RESOLVED UNANIMOUSLY: That the Part I minutes of the meeting held on 3 July 2018 be approved.**

### ACTIONS FROM PREVIOUS MEETING

**The Principal Commissioning Officer (Highways & Transport) to request large paper flood maps from the EA.**

Brianne Vally from the EA confirmed a full update on this would be given during the update from the Environment Agency item.

**Cyril Mitkov to provide an update on whether repairs were needed to remedy the foul sewer problems raised by Martin Coker.**

Cyril Mitkov from Thames Water confirmed he would provide a full update during the Thames Water update item.

**EA Temporary Flood Defences update to be added to the agenda for the next meeting.**

The EA arranged a presentation for the Flood Liaison Group this evening.

**The EA to provide feedback on how the expansion at Heathrow would affect the River Thames Scheme, should there be a flooding event.**

The EA would provide an update on their position during the EA Update item.

## UPDATE FROM THE ENVIRONMENT AGENCY

Tina Donaldson from the EA gave Members a presentation on Temporary Flood Barriers (TFB) which included the following key points:

- Tina Donaldson's team were rolling out TFB plans and her main role in this was in communicating those plans to Local Authorities (LAs), Parish Councils and local communities.
- The TFB were a national project which was started following a major flooding event in 2015.
- The EA looked at the situation from a national perspective and decided TFB were the way forward.
- There were 150 locations of TFB which were backed up with pumps nationally.
- The TFB would be stored in seven hubs across the country.
- Eddie Stobbart held the contract to deliver the TFB within 12 hours of notification.
- The nearest hub for the local area was in Sunbury.
- There were five TFB locations identified in RBWM which were:
  - Bisham
  - Wraysbury
  - Datchet
  - Old Windsor
  - Windsor, Clewer
- Flood barriers were one metre in height and consisted of a metal A-frame covered by tarpaulin.
- The barriers had to be able to protect more than five properties from a one in 30 year flood.
- The TFB had to ensure they did not increase the impact of flooding elsewhere.
- The TFB also had to ensure they would not encircle and therefore, isolate the community they were meant to protect from additional support.
- There were three potential triggers that would mobilise the TFB which were river levels, forecasts and modelling.
- The EA worked with the Met Office and checked gauges on the river. They also used in-house mapping and forecasting teams that knew the area.
- Stage one was to consider if the TFBs should be deployed. That would be before any flood alert or flood warning was issued by three or four days.
- The second stage was to mobilise and send the TFBs to site.
- The final stage was to deploy and erect them in their chosen locations.
- Any decisions to deploy would be made in conjunction with a Local Resilience Forum
- The alignments of where the barriers would be placed was constantly under review and subject to change. The EA could not guarantee to erect a flood barrier as it was not just an EA decision.
- If there was a wide scale flood event, it would be a difficult decision to make as to whether to deploy, or not.
- Surrey Resilience Forum did an exercise to look at what locations they could erect TFBs and that showed how difficult it was to place them.

Cllr Beer asked who represented the RBWM on the Local Resilience Forum. Simon Lavin, Flood Risk Manager confirmed Carolyn Richardson was the RBWM representative as part of a shared service with other LAs.

- In order to facilitate deployment, it was necessary for the following to take place:
  - Enabling works
  - Land agreements
  - Consultation and engagement
  - Deployment reviews
  - Detrimental modelling
- The above included clearing vegetation, installing gates, negotiating with land owners to gain access, and lots of modelling would be done to ensure aligning was done accurately.
- Bisham:
  - To protect homes from Bisham Brook, the barriers would protect approximately 15 homes.
  - The EA had spoken to the Parish Council and the owner of Town Farm – those residents would need to be made aware of the situation.
  - It was not possible to erect the TFBs to protect the five houses to the south of the river so, sand bagging would take place instead.
  - Residents needed to be aware of access issues for residents when TFBs were in place.
- Wraysbury:
  - The EA were hoping to reduce flooding to 200 homes but, that would have taken up too much of the flood plain (and had adverse impacts elsewhere). The EA were now looking for a road alignment, which did not reduce the risk to as many houses. More modelling was still to be done to produce the best solution that would protect the most properties.
  - No enabling works had been done at this point and the modelling needed to be completed by the end of December 2018.
  - The EA would discuss with the council and residents the alignment as some houses would not be protected as the revised alignment did not protect as many houses.

Councillor Lenton stated wherever the EA placed the TFBs, it would create flooding elsewhere. Tina Donaldson responded that the EA needed to assess how bad that would be. She also confirmed that a road alignment would block roads and some access by vehicles and that residents would need to be made aware.

Councillor Beer stated if the road alignment was along a residential road, there would be gullies and the water would bubble up through there and cause flooding. Tina Donaldson responded sandbags would be put around the gullies and pumps would be used to pump any water away.

Councillor Lenton asked if tears to the tarpaulin could be repaired. Tina Donaldson confirmed that the barriers had been used elsewhere and had not teared and had performed satisfactorily.

- Datchet:
  - Modelling had showed water was still finding a way in so the EA was still working on modelling for that area.
  - A gate had been installed at the Thames Water inlet to enable a barrier to be erected.

Ian Thompson stated there was a wall down by South Lea Road and it was starting to crumble. Sandbags would be required to hold the wall up therefore, if using the TFBs,

the wall might not hold up and might break away. He added it did not look practical because if the TFB was put the other side of the wall, it would have to be higher than the wall adjacent to the water company off take to stop the water. Tina Donaldson responded that the barriers followed a road alignment so it should not impact the wall. Ian Thompson stated the height was relevant to the flooding event in 2014. The proposal was not practical as the water was higher than the wall adjacent to the water company off take in 2014. Tina Donaldson said it would not cross the water inlet and the barrier would not go along that wall. Ian Thompson added there were houses at a lower level there, if there was any flow of water, it would be able to go around the TFB and would put the whole of Datchet at risk.

Ian Thompson added the Parish Council had a proposal, they intended to try and restore the original protection bund to meet up with the Woolacombe bund. He said the Parish Council were looking at when the RTS would be up and running, the enablement works would need to include installing a bund. However, as they did not know what was happening with the RTS, he proposed they reinstate the bund that used to be there. Ian Thompson concluded that the Parish Council wanted support for the idea from the Borough and the EA. He requested the idea be looked at by a structural engineer; when the RTS started, it would be a part of a channel so the works should be started now.

Tina Donaldson stated from a TFB point of view, the EA would confer with the Parishes when the modelling was completed and would seek feedback on the proposals.

Tina Donaldson confirmed that 230 houses would be protected if the EA got the modelling right; there would also be a traffic management plan in place.

- Old Windsor and Windsor Clewer
  - Both areas were similar
  - At a one in 30 year flood event, TFB were not needed.
  - The EA had developed a plan but it was being kept on a shelf.
  - There was no risk to properties at a one in 30 year flood event but the TFB would be deployed during greater flooding incidents.

Simon Lavin, Flood Risk Manager stated issues were experienced in 2014, with water passing under the Battle Bourne embankment to the north of Old Windsor and that options to put pumps in to pump flood water back in to the Thames should be investigated. Tina Donaldson responded that was not at the top of the list as it was not needed at that level of flooding. She confirmed that Old Windsor and Windsor Clewer were second category areas. Temporary barriers were not intended to be used for higher levels of flooding.

Councillor Beer asked if there would be sufficient resources available if Old Windsor moved up a category during flooding. Tina Donaldson said it would depend on national resources such as military deployment. The EA only had a certain level of staff so the issues were around the resources to deal with a flooding event. Councillor Beer commented by resources, Tina Donaldson meant that some properties would not be protected. The Flood Risk Manager stated TFB kits would be deployed as flooding developed, on a national scale and once in place, they would stay there. Tina Donaldson confirmed tributaries would probably receive TFB first but, it all depended on forecasts, the decision made would be multi-agency and would be very difficult decision to make. The agencies that would be making the decisions during the deployment of resources would include the police, fire service, councils and the EA.

Harry Clasper stated Datchet and Windsor had significant man power due to the military being based in Windsor so that should not be an issue.

- The next steps:
  - There would be more communications and engagement with communities, the EA wanted parish councils and the Council to help share information.
  - Establish and agree the best method to tell the community if a TFB was going to be deployed before a flood event.
  - A traffic management plan was to be produced to be deployed in the event of the TFBs being deployed.

Martin Coker stated some Parishes had flood hubs that could help with communicating plans to residents and businesses. Tina Donaldson said the EA would use those to cascade information. She also confirmed that Bisham was ready in the event of a flood, Datchet was almost ready. She was not sure if Wraysbury was ready yet as modelling had not been completed yet.

Ian Thompson stated he had accurate flood plans from the flood level in 2014. The defences would not work if there was a similar event to that of 2014. He added his area did not have the defences it needed, flood defences needed to be improved. Brianne Vally from the EA stated the EA would take his comments on board.

Councillor Kellaway queried if each TFB unit protected approximately five houses and then they linked together. Tina Donaldson responded that each location where the defences would be deployed needed to protect a minimum of five houses to be considered for deployment.

A query was raised regarding potential impacts of the Marlow Flood Alleviation Scheme on the Bisham area. Brianne Valley confirmed that compensatory storage had been provided as part of this scheme and that the scheme would not have an adverse effect on the Bisham area. It had not however been possible to develop a TFB scheme for the Bisham area.

Harry Clasper said timescales were very fuzzy; it was flood season now. He asked the EA to return to all five areas affected with something more substantial. Tina Donaldson responded that Brianne Vally's team were carrying out modelling and the EA used a further two consultants. Flood modelling was a very slow process and she understood the frustration. Brianne Vally commented she was working to get the most accurate data and evidence.

- ❖ **Action** – The EA to return to the Flood Liaison Group with an update on the modelling work and TFB information as soon as possible.

Brianne Vally then went on to provide Members with an update on LIDAR and Flood Mapping. The main key points of the update were as follows:

The historic flood map for 2014 for Bisham is based on laser-mapped (Lidar) data. A review of this data is underway to make sure it's as accurate as possible. In the meantime, this layer has been withdrawn and is no longer showing when we supply a product 4 (used for the production of flood risk assessments). For information: Historical flood maps keep a record of previous flooding but are not used to calculate insurance. The Historic Flood Map (HFM) shows the combined extents of known

flooding from rivers, the sea and groundwater. It can't show all the past flooding, we can only show flooding where we have adequate records. So, just because an area of land is shown outside the extents of recorded flooding on the HFM it doesn't mean it has never flooded. The HFM doesn't provide information on the date or probability of a historic flood (although we may hold information on the dates of flooding) - it is simply an envelope of all flood records that we hold. As more data on historic flooding comes to light, and as flood incidents occur, then we will update the HFM.

The Lower River Thames from Medmenham to Teddington, and therefore including Marlow and Bisham, is currently being remodelled. As part of that the flood map for planning for the areas of Marlow and Bisham will be updated.

Ian Thompson stated the police supplied aerial footage of the flooding that took place in 2014 and he had it at home, he had issued the footage to the EA. Councillor Kellaway stated it was very important as the Borough was also in the process of adopting a Borough Local Plan. Brianne Vally stated she had been working with the Borough on the Local Plan to supply information that was the best information available.

Brianne had received an information request regarding Heathrow expansion. Councillor Beer had raised comments about Heathrow needing to do some joined up thinking regarding the River Thames Scheme (RTS) and Heathrow expansion. She added at present it was at high level consultation so she had no more information to provide. Councillor Beer responded the Borough was in between two stages of a local minerals plan which was under review. It was not only an EA concern. The Heathrow consultation suggests locating a borrow pit on Ham Island Old Windsor. There was a sewage treatment works there which served Windsor. There had been no consideration for the thousands of homes being built; and the works was potentially overloaded, so the site should be preserved for sewage and not gravel extraction for Heathrow.

Ian Thompson stated there were areas in Datchet of great concern if flood water was allowed to get through, it would cause devastation similar to that in 2014. The Parish Council wanted a permanent solution to holding back water under the railway arch near the Eton End School; there was a pumping station nearby, so that would be recirculating the same water. A stop needed to be installed and it needed to be looked at by a structural engineer and Network Rail. The Flood Risk Manager stated if it was permanently blocked, water would potentially accumulate on the Pococks Lane side and water would not be able to get out. Ian Thompson responded it needed a stop valve so that when water dropped on the golf course, the valve could be opened and release the water. Brianne Vally confirmed she had spoken to Scott Salmon who confirmed when this happened, sand bags were placed. Eton Wick bund had collapsed in 2014 but it had now been reinstated. Ian Thompson explained the design could not carry out what it was intending. The Flood Risk Manager confirmed flood water went over the Eton End School bund in 2014 and water would go over it again during a major flood event. Ian Thompson said he was aware of that as he was there putting sandbags on top of the wall but, the wall started to crack. Three feet of the wall had given way. Brianne Vally replied as part of the River Thames Scheme, a number of studies took place that showed areas that would not be protected, so the EA was looking at other ways to protect communities. Nine locations would have more work carried out but none of them were in Datchet. The EA now needed to go over the

evidence. Ian Thompson's idea to protect the area needed to be put forward and she would like to work with him on that. Councillor Kellaway asked if the Borough's capital budget could help. The Flood Risk Manager said any projects would need to go through the Council's Commissioning Team, and the Council's capital works prioritisation process. Harry Clasper explained the issues had been around a long time; he did not know if the EA had accepted or rejected the ideas and there were six of seven schemes going on, but the situation remained uncertain on them. Brianne Vally responded there were a number of schemes that had been mentioned or suggested but, the EA did not want to say no, so they were looking at ways to secure funding, and how many houses would be protected. But the rules might change. A lot of work was ongoing to get funding for the River Thames Scheme with resources focused on the River Thames Scheme. She accepted there was a lot of uncertainty but, she committed to redoing assessments and sharing information and would access any other ways to secure funding to try and implement ideas. Ian Thompson stated there needed to be something in place now, it could not continue to remain exposed in that way. The Chairman stated there was no point coming to the Flood Liaison Group meetings if nothing changed. He felt strongly that the Council had to deal with issues and put projects into the capital budget and get them moving. Brianne Vally replied the EA would review evidence from the study that was released the previous week and let the Forum know which projects failed. Councillor Beer requested a list of possible funding options that might be available to the Council and Brianne Vally confirmed she would research this and circulate a list.

- ❖ **Action** – The EA to circulate a list of possible funding options for capital projects that the Council could apply for.

#### UPDATE FROM THAMES WATER

Cyril Mitkov from Thames Water confirmed to Members that there were a couple of areas on the planned maintenance programme in Cookham which were in the Sutton Road area and the Westwood Green area.

The Bin it Don't Block it campaign was being rerun and Cyril had liaised with Cookham Parish Council as part of that. He added the Lower Cookham Road had some investigative work carried out on the gullies but, nothing was found and there was nothing on the system to suggest any flooding in 2017. Dick Scarf said tree debris and rubble washed down in the area, the Flood Risk Manager said he could not see why there would be issues. Dick Scarf said the pipe was big enough but, the gullies got blocked. He wanted them cleaned twice a year instead of just once per annum. The Flood Risk Manager said he would ask the Commissioning Team to review the gully cleaning schedule at this location.

Cyril Mitkov stated flooding occurred in the White Ladies area in the summer so he went over the records and they had all been single events due to blockages so, Thames Water reran the Bin it Don't Block it campaign in that area and also carried out a root cut to help ease the blockages. The Thames Water team had added this to their work programme so they could keep on top of the situation regularly.

The blockages at Broom Hill Estate – Cyril Mitkov stated he was unable to find anything on that so he needed more information. The Flood Risk Manager said Broom Hill Estate outfallen at the end of the White Ladies area so it might be linked to the White Ladies Lane blockages.

Councillor Beer raised the issue of a suggested borrow pit at Ham Island following the Heathrow airport consultation. If that went ahead, potential to extend the works would be limited, thousands of new homes are proposed and there would be no way to deal with the sewage. He asked if Thames Water would be objecting to the proposals of gravel extraction from Ham Island and that if it meant the system would grind to a halt, then why wouldn't Thames Water not object. Cyril Mitkov explained Thames Water did not identify it as a gravel extraction site; there was a company there exploring the site currently and once that work had been completed, Thames Water would assess if it was a viable site. If it was viable, Thames Water would still have to give permission, Thames Water owned the lane and the property team would look at that and assess any benefit and weigh up local views and evidence. All of that was still several stages away. If Heathrow or another company was interested in pursuing gravel extraction, Thames Water would need to go through a process before making any decision.

Ian Thompson stated there was the Datchet barrel arch and there was also the Datchet Common Brook which linked into the recreation ground ditch; when the area received high water in the Datchet Common Brook, it flowed into the centre of Datchet. He asked for a flat valve to stop water getting back into Datchet. He added he did not want other people's water getting in to Datchet. He had a meeting with Thames Water, Sue Fox and two other Councillors and the agreement was to put a valve there. Ian Thompson had checked with the EA and they confirmed it was the property of Thames Water so he needed an agreement with Thames Water on the way forward to prevent the back flow of water in to the barrel arch. Nothing had happened in three years and he was looking to organise a meeting with Thames Water. Ian Thompson went on to say a new meeting was needed and asked if Thames Water would be willing to attend the meeting with Councillors and Parish Councillors to look at the problem. The area had recently had very heavy rainfall which almost topped the ditch and he could see water coming back into Datchet which was the same situation as in 2014. The Flood Risk Manager said the only responsibility Thames Water had was if they were the landowners. Cyril Mitkov responded that Thames Water may just need to give permission or install something. The Flood Risk Manager confirmed Sue Fox from the Council's Commissioning Team was due to discuss the stability of the ditch at the recreation ground and the barrel arch with Datchet Parish Council. Cyril Mitkov confirmed Thames Water were happy to help and a technical engineer would need to attend too.

#### UPDATE FROM RBWM

The Flood Risk Manager stated he had undertaken a review of the Councils' Local Flood Risk Management Strategy and a consultation would be due to begin in the New Year. Councillor Beer said he wanted advance notice of that. The Flood Risk Manager said it would be after the next Flood Liaison Group.

Flood alleviation works at The Avenue Ascot had been completed and pipework had been laid, replacing a long lost ditch.

A downstream impacts assessment had been undertaken for the Waltham Road drainage scheme proposals and that was now with the Commissioning Team.

Proposed flood alleviation works at Coningsby Road were delayed by ecology and land ownership issues.

Scoping studies had been carried out at Cox Green Road, Brill Close and Norreys Drive to assess a number of options to mitigate the flood risk. The Flood Risk Manager added if anyone had any potential capital schemes to put forward, they needed to submit them to Sue Fox at the Borough.

Harry Clasper stated he had hoped the Flood Risk Manager was going to address the Wraysbury Drain problem; a document had been circulated on the Drain by Ewan Larcombe. Councillor Lenton confirmed he had submitted a question to the next Full Council meeting. Mike Williams stated he saw contractors had visited the Weir Sluice. Ewan Larcombe stated the Wraysbury Drain worked ok for many years but gravel extraction companies had moved in and it now regularly dried out. A sluice was put in on the Horton Drain and it sort of got it working again. It was replaced in 2007 with a gate system that that made it worse. The radial weir had been eroded and water ran straight past it and not through the Wraysbury Drain.

Councillor Lenton stated the question he was submitting to Full Council was when would the Drain be fixed and how much would it cost. The Flood Risk Manager said he worked for the Council since 2003 and he had looked at the lack of water in the Wraysbury Drain on many occasions and inevitably next to no flow was coming into the Borough. If no water was coming into the Borough then there would be no water going into the drain. Ewan Larcombe responded that he was born and bred by the Wraysbury Drain and there was enough water in the area to drive the drain. The Flood Risk Manager said he had been out to site loads of times and there was little to no water coming into the Borough. He had photos showing no water coming into the Borough and there was no water going into the sluice either. Councillor Lenton said the Wraysbury Drain was misleading. It was a flood relief channel so the Borough needed to know if it would work in times of flood.

Councillor Beer stated the Flood Liaison Group was an outside body and not a council body, he found that out when the meeting was postponed. The Group needed to be recognised as an official Council body and he was flagging that issue up and asking the Forum for support. Councillor Kellaway said it should be the same set up as the Aviation Forum. Ewan Larcombe stated the Council was a designated flood authority and had a set of duties to perform. Councillor Beer asked the Forum to regularise it. The Chairman said he would raise it with the Lead Member. Councillor Beer commented the Forum had a very serious conflict. The Borough was officially opposed to Heathrow Expansion and was spending a lot of money to object to that; but the Minerals and Waste Plan listed Ham Island as a borrow pit. There should not be two different policies that were at odds with each other; the Flood Liaison Group gave recommendations and should do so on this matter. Councillor Kellaway stated Heathrow was going to judicial review. Councillor Beer responded he did not want the Borough to be a laughing stock when the public sees there are two policies which opposed each other. Councillor Kellaway replied the Forum heard Councillor Beer's concerns but there was not much that could be done at that meeting.

Martin Coker stated he thanked everyone that came to a recent training day, it was very successful and he hope to run a training day every year. There was a very high attendance and it was a very useful, well attended event,

#### PARISH FLOOD GROUP UPDATE

#### Report on Partnership Funding and the River Thames Scheme

Ewan Larcombe read out his report on the funding of the River Thames Scheme (RTS) and Brianne Vally responded as follows:

- The EA had identified resources of £331m which includes government funding of more than £290 and partnership funding of more than £35m
- The EA were working with partners to find further funding.
- While funding negotiations took place, a number of studies were being carried out; some were archaeological, some were environmental impact assessments.

The Flood Risk Manager said that the Council had made an annual commitment of circa £250k towards the design costs of the RTS, at Full Council, and that a further £10m had been committed towards the construction costs subject to the whole scheme being built.

Ewan Larcombe brought the Worsfold Review to the forum's attention. After the 2014 flooding, the Environmental Audit Committee published a review of the Government's Flood and Coastal Management. The report was suppressed for 18 months and when it went through committee, there was a lot of criticism directed at the EA and the way it handled money. He added partnership funding isn't possible and there was no provision for maintenance after the scheme had been built.

Councillor Kellaway said after the work was done and the scheme built, the EA was responsible for the maintenance. The Flood Risk Manager said there were imaginative ways to get the maintenance done. Brianne Vally said the EA response to the report was available on Google and she would circulate the response to Members.

- ❖ **Action** – Brianne Vally from the EA to circulate the EA's response to the Worsfold Review.

Brianne Vally stated as a result of the Peer Review, the EA would implement a maintenance plan. £22m was required over five years and the EA was working towards the International Accreditation for Management of Physical Assets. Feedback was requested for their asset management plan and she would send an email to request the feedback to Members.

- ❖ **Action** – Brianne Vally to send the weblink to Members so they can provide feedback on the EA's asset management plan.

Ewan Larcombe stated the River Thames and its bed was an asset but the bed was ever rising and had not been dredged for over 20years. Harry Clasper asked what the current shortfall for the RTS funding was? The Flood Risk Manager confirmed it was in excess of £200m and the figure was available on the RTS website. Councillor Kellaway said the Borough was doing the best it could to get the scheme moved forward. Ewan Larcombe responded when a boat scraped the bottom of the Thames River bed, the EA came with a barge and dug it out but then went up stream and dumped it back in again. Brianne Vally said she would bring an item on dredging to the next meeting.

- ❖ **Action** – Brianne Vally from the EA to bring an item to the next Flood Liaison Group on dredging of the Thames.

#### DATES OF FUTURE MEETINGS

Members noted the dates of the following meetings:

- 24 January 2019
- 2 April 2019.

The meeting, which began at 6.00 pm, finished at 8.30 pm

CHAIRMAN.....

DATE.....

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